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| Write a function that takes the base and height of a triangle and return its area  Notes  The area of a triangle is: (base \* height) / 2  Don't forget to return the result. | Examples  triArea(3, 2) ➞ 3  triArea(7, 4) ➞ 14  triArea(10, 10) ➞ 50 |

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| There is a single operator in JavaScript capable of providing the remainder of a division operation. Two numbers are passed as parameters. The first provider divided by the second parameter will have a remainder, possiby zero. Return that value.  Notes  The tests only use positive and negative integers.  Don't forget to return the result. | Examples  remainder(1, 3) ➞ 1  remainder(-9, 45) ➞ -9  remainder(5, 5) ➞ 0 |

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| Write a function that converts hours into seconds.  Note:  60 seconds in a minute, 60 minutes in an hour | Examples  howManySeconds(2) ➞ 7200  howManySeconds(10) ➞ 36000  howManySeconds(24) ➞ 86400 |

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| Create a function that takes in a word and determines whether or not it is plural. A plural word is one that ends in "s".  Notes:  Don't forget to return the result.  Remember that return true (boolean) is not the same as return "true" (string).  This is an oversimplification of the English language. We are ignoring edge cases like "goose" and "geese", "fungus" and "fungi", etc. | Examples  isPlural("changes") ➞ true  isPlural("change") ➞ false  isPlural("dudes") ➞ true  isPlural("magic") ➞ false |

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| Create a function that takes in an array and returns true if all its values are even, and false otherwise. | Examples  checkAllEven([1, 2, 3, 4]) ➞ false  checkAllEven([2, 4, 6]) ➞ true  checkAllEven([5, 6, 8, 10]) ➞ false  checkAllEven([-2, 2, -2, 2]) ➞ true |

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| Given an array of integers, return the difference between the largest and smallest integers in the array. | Examples  difference([10, 15, 20, 2, 10, 6]) ➞ 18  // 20 - 2 = 18  difference([-3, 4, -9, -1, -2, 15]) ➞ 24  // 15 - (-9) = 24 |